

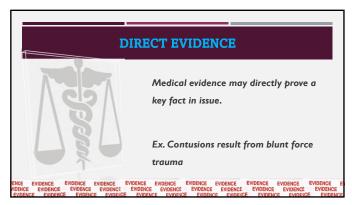
I, Teresa Devitt-Lynch certify that, to the best of my knowledge, no affiliation or relationship of a financial nature with a commercial interest organization has significantly affected my views on the subject which is being presented.

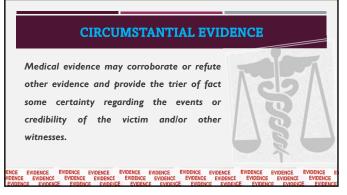


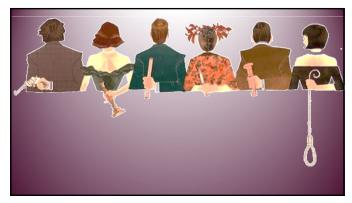




Any case with medical issues and/or injury



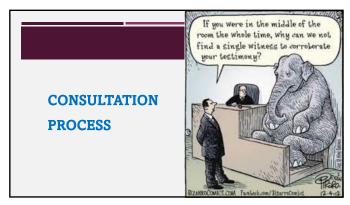




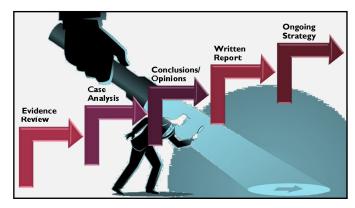






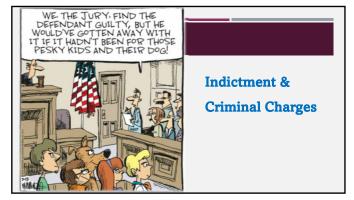






What are the charges Preview photos What evidence is available Missing evidence Identify Key elements: Who What When How

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INDICTED OFFENSES

Count I:ASSAULT IN THE SECOND DEGREE

The defendant, on or about December 25, 2018, in Sully County, Oregon, did unlawfully and knowingly cause serious physical injury to Reba McCann by means of a dangerous weapon, to wit: the floor.

Count 2:ASSAULT IN THE FOURTH DEGREE CONSTITUTING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

The defendant, on or about December 28, 2018, in Sully County, Oregon, did unlawfully and recklessly cause physical injury to Reba McCann.

SERIOUS BODILY INJURY

18 U.S. Code § 1365(h)(3)

Bodily injury which involves a substantial risk of death; extreme physical pain; protracted and obvious disfigurement; or protracted loss or impairment of the function of a bodily member, organ, or mental faculty.*

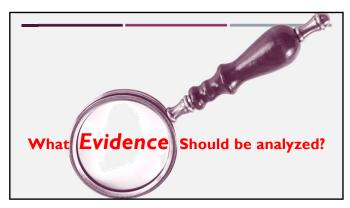
18 U.S. Code § 1515(a)(5)

A cut, abrasion, bruise, burn, or disfigurement; physical pain; illness; impairment of the function of a bodily member, organ, or mental faculty; or any other injury to the body, no matter how temporary.***



"Cornel Law School (n.d.), Legal Information Institute, https://www.bw.cornell.edu/usorde/ner/18/18
"Cornel Law School (n.d.), Legal Information Institute, https://www.bw.cornell.edu/usorde/ner/18/19

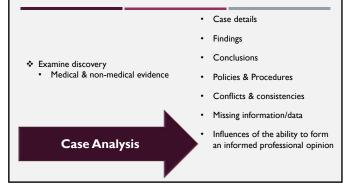
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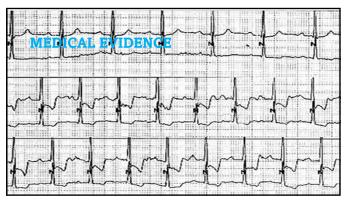
What evidence would you expect? Sexual assault DUI/DWI Domestic violence Gunshot wound Child abuse Physical assault Strangulation

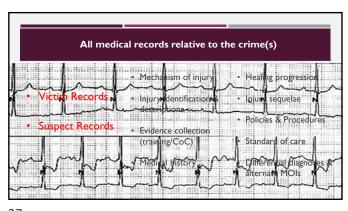


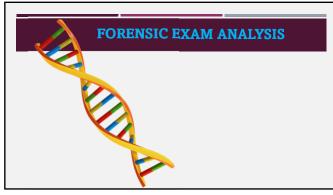












Completed properly
 Evidence Collected & documented
 Medical history
 Evidence inventory
 Chain of Custody
 Physical examination
 Injury documentation



-	Date	of	assault/injury
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- Medical/social history
- Date of assessment/treatment
- Degree/severity of injury
- History of abuse/injury
- Disposition
- Diagnostic/laboratory studies
- Follow-up healing progress
- Treatments rendered
- Complications, disabilities
- Injury documentation
- Evidence collected

- Expected findings based on the history of assault/witness statements
 - · What MOIs are alleged
- Are the findings consistent with victim or suspect accounts
- Other potential explanations for the findings YES, BUT...
- Medical conditions, treatments, medications that may impact findings
- · Are injuries/findings accurately identified
- Photos present or absent are they accurate representations
- Information lacking that impedes full analysis and interpretation
- Injuries do not identify *WHO inflicted them

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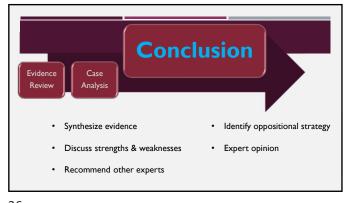
Photograph Analysis

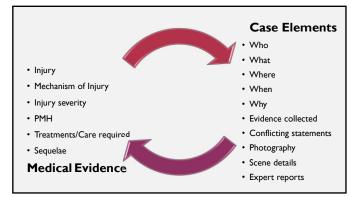
- General photo quality
- · Clarity of object of interest
- Identification photo
- Date/time/sequence
- Objectivity

PHOTOGRAPHY

 Focused/centered Measurement device Appropriate lighting Congruent with written documentation Neutral – non inflamatory Pre-post cleansing & treatme 	5 1/	
Forensic photo series documentation Propost cleaning & treatments	Focused/centered	Measurement device
Propost classing & treatment	Appropriate lighting	· ·
Neutral – non inflamatory Pre-post cleansing & treatme	 Forensic photo series 	
	 Neutral – non inflamatory 	Pre-post cleansing & treatment

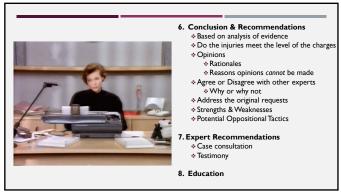




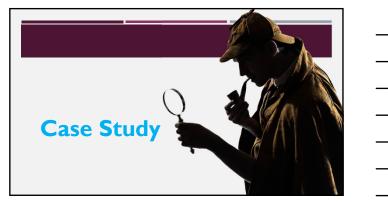




1. Summary opening/introduction I page summarizing findings and opinions 2. Table of Contents 3. Documents/Evidence Reviewed List items reviewed List requested items 4. Timeline & Findings Summaries Investigation Protective Services Medical Care 5. Analysis Pertinent medical issues Mechanism of injury Connect the evidence to the medical issues Consistencies & Inconsistencies Sandards of care met/unmet Policy & Protocol compliance Discuss anything that impacts conclusions









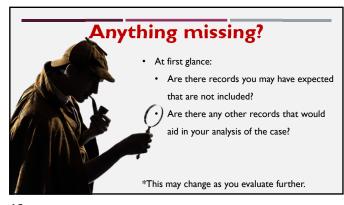
YOU'VE BEEN CONTACTED BY A DEFENSE ATTORNEY

- His client has been charged of abandonment with the intent to return due to intoxication.
- Though the police allege he abandoned his children while under the influence of an intoxicant, the defendant claims he blacked out because of medications.
- You have been asked to review the police reports and the defendant's medical reports and provide a professional opinion on the nature of his blackout.

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Evidence Review

- Indictment:
 - I count endangering a child
 - 2 counts abandoning a child
- Available records:
 - Police incident reports
 - Court documents with charges
 - PCM appointment record 7Feb20
 - Post-incident urgent care records for testicular pain, sty, COVID testing





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POLICE REPORT SYNOPSIS

- On 2Feb20 at approximately 1818 Officers E. Henry and J. Greene responded to Mr. and Mrs. Morgan's home
 after a neighbor found their children outside unattended and was unable to locate either parent. The officers
 attempted to contact or locate Mr. Morgan via telephone and by knocking on the front and garage doors, both of
 which were locked.
- At approximately 1935 Mrs. Morgan arrived at the home via taxi while Mr. Morgan simultaneously emerged from around their house toward the driveway.
- According to Officer Henry's report, Mr. Morgan had a "strong odor of intoxicants on his breath" and relayed
 to the responding officers he returned home he realized the doors were locked, so he "decided to sleep in the
 backyard."

According to Officer Henry's report, Mr. Morgan also informed the responding officers "sometimes he
has episodes where he 'blacks out' and cannot remember things."

- Prior to transporting Mr. Morgan to the police facility, the responding officers contacted emergency
 medical services (EMS) to evaluate Mr. Morgan.
- According to Officer Henry's record, EMS medically cleared Mr. Morgan at the scene and he was
 transferred directly to the jail by law enforcement.

MEDICAL RECORD REVIEW

7Feb20, approximately five (5) days post-arrest, PCM visit

- He relayed he ceased the once daily hypertension medication Bystolic (also a beta blocker) and resumed the twice daily administration of the bisoprolol fumarate in the evening of 1Feb20
- The next dose of bisoprolol fumarate was taken in the morning of 2Feb20 as prescribed
- 2Feb20, had taken a dose of propranolol hydro chlorate to minimize the anticipated symptoms of anxiety while flying
- He also reported he had historically taken propranolol hydro chlorate for situational anxiety in conjunction with the
 evening only dose of Bystolic without incident.
- In this case, however, after taking the propranolol hydro chlorate and bisoprolol fumarate within a relatively short amount of each other, Mr. Morgan experienced acute memory loss and delirium by Saturday afternoon, then confusion upon arousing from the fainting/passing out episode in his backyard approximately four (4) hours later. Suspect sympathetic collapse from excessive beta blocker with rebound hypertension upon arousal.

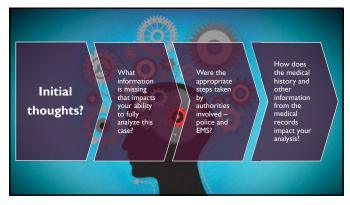
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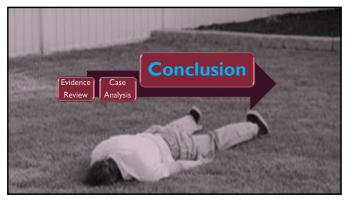
Medical History

- Frequent falls in childhood/adulthood with head trauma
- Anxiety
- Hypertension

Assessment & Treatment

- Syncope & collapse: Suspect sympathetic collapse from excessive beta blocker with rebound hypertension
 - Refer for brain CT, consider MRI
- Refer for cardiac evaluation for possible dysrrhythmia
- Transient memory loss: Refer to neurological evaluation
- Essential hypertension:
- Restart Bystolic, Bisoprolol contraindicated
- Cardiac workup for possible cardiac dysrrhythmia
- Situational anxiety: D/C propranolol trial of trazadone





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- What is your overall conclusion?
- What are the strengths and weaknesses of this case for the defense? For the prosecution?
- What recommendations would you make to the defense attorney? To the prosecutor?
- What additional consultants would you recommend?
- What expert witnesses would you recommend?

What education would you provide in the consultant report, if any?	





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